## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claims 1-56 (cancelled).

Claim 57 (previously presented): An isolated DNA sequence encoding a truncated insecticidal Cry2Ae protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of the protein of SEQ ID NO: 2 from amino acid position 1 to an amino acid position between amino acid position 625 and amino acid position 632.

Claim 58 (previously presented): An isolated DNA sequence encoding a truncated insecticidal Cry2Ae protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of the protein of SEQ ID NO: 2 from an amino acid position between amino acid position 1 and amino acid position 50 to amino acid position 632.

Claim 59 (cancelled).

Claim 60 (cancelled).

Claim 61 (cancelled).

Claim 62 (cancelled).

Claim 63 (previously presented): A chimeric gene comprising the DNA sequence of claim 57, wherein said DNA sequence is under the control of a promoter which can direct expression of the gene in a plant cell.

Claim 64 (currently amended): The chimeric gene of claim 63, further comprising a DNA encoding a targeting or transit peptide which is operably-linked to said DNA encoding said Cry2Ae protein, wherein said targeting or transit peptide is a peptide [[for]] targeting to the vacuole, mitochondrium, chloroplast, plastid, or for secretion.

Claim 65 (previously presented): A plant cell, plant or seed transformed to comprise the chimeric gene of claim 63.

Claim 66 (previously presented): A plant cell, plant or seed transformed to comprise the chimeric gene of claim 64.

Claim 67 (previously presented): The plant cell, plant or seed of claim 65, wherein said cell, plant or seed are of corn, cotton, rice, tobacco, oilseed rape, *Brassica* species, eggplant, soybean, potato, sunflower, tomato, sugarcane, tea, beans, strawberry, clover, cucumber, watermelon, pepper, oat, barley, wheat, dahlia, gladiolus, chrysanthemum, sugarbeet, sorghum, alfalfa, or peanut.

Claim 68 (previously presented): The plant cell, plant or seed of claim 66, wherein said cell, plant or seed are of corn, cotton, rice, tobacco, oilseed rape, *Brassica* species, eggplant, soybean, potato, sunflower, tomato, sugarcane, tea, beans, strawberry, clover, cucumber, watermelon, pepper, oat, barley, wheat, dahlia, gladiolus, chrysanthemum, sugarbeet, sorghum, alfalfa, or peanut.

Claim 69 (previously presented): A process for rendering a plant resistant to an insect, wherein said method comprises transforming plant cells with the chimeric gene of claim 63, and regenerating transformed plants from such cells.

Claim 70 (cancelled).

Claim 71 (currently amended): A chimeric gene comprising the following operablylinked elements:

- (a) a 35S promoter derived from of Cauliflower Mosaic Virus or a S7 promoter derived from Subterranean Clover Stunt Virus;
- (b) a leader sequence from the chlorophyl a/b binding protein gene from Petunia; [[and]]
  - (c) <u>a DNA sequence encoding the TpssuAt transit peptide</u>;

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- (d) the DNA of claim 57, or a DNA encoding the protein of SEQ ID NO: 2 or an insecticidally-effective fragment thereof, and
- (e) a 3' transcript termination and polyadenylation region of the 35S gene from Cauliflower Mosaic Virus.

Claim 72 (cancelled).

Claim 73 (cancelled).

Claim 74 (previously presented): The chimeric gene of claim 63, wherein said promoter is a promoter whose expression in plants is inducible by insect feeding.

Claim 75 (cancelled).

Claim 76 (currently amended): A process for rendering a plant resistant to an insect, comprising transforming plant cells with the chimeric gene of claim 71[[, 72,]] or 74, and regenerating transformed plants from such cells which are resistant to insects.

Claim 77 (currently amended): A method for controlling insects comprising expressing in transformed plant cells an insecticidally-effective amount of [[a]] said protein encoded by the DNA of any one of claims 57 or 58, to control[[:]] Heliothis virescens, Helicoverpa zea, Helicoverpa armigera, Anticarsia gemmatalis and Ostrinia nubilalis, Chilo suppressalis, Chilo partellus, Scirpophaga incertulas, Sesamia inferens, Cnaphalocrocis medinalis, Marasmia patnalis, Marasmia exigua, Marasmia ruralis, or Scirpophaga innotata.

Claim 78 (cancelled).

Claim 79 (previously presented): An isolated DNA sequence encoding a truncated insecticidal Cry2Ae protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of the protein of SEQ ID NO: 2 comprising a C-terminal deletion up to amino acid position 625.

Claim 80 (previously presented): An isolated DNA sequence encoding a truncated insecticidal Cry2Ae protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of the protein of SEQ ID NO: 2 comprising a N-terminal deletion up to amino acid position 50.

Claim 81 (previously presented): An isolated DNA sequence encoding a truncated insecticidal Cry2Ae protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of the protein of SEQ ID NO: 2 comprising an N-terminal deletion up to amino acid position 50 and a C-terminal deletion up to amino acid position 625.

Claim 82 (previously presented): The process of claim 69, wherein said insect is selected from the group consisting of *Helicoverpa armigera*, *Anticasia gemmatalis*, and *Sesamia nonagrioides*.

Claim 83 (New): A method for protecting a plant of interest from one or more insects, comprising applying the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2 or a transformed cell comprising a polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2, wherein said one or more insects are *Helicoverpa armigera*, *Anticarsia gemmatalis*, *Sesamia nonagrioides* or combinations thereof.

Claim 84 (New): The method of claim 83, wherein said insect is Anticarsia gemmatalis.